Access to Counselling and Psychological Support for Children and Young people

Options that could be explored

Youth Counselling Services: Based in your local area, sometimes run by the local authority or by a charity. These vary across the country and in the age group that can access the service. Some will go up to 24 years, others up to 18 or 19 years. Quite often young people can refer themselves.

School Counselling Services: Based at the school attended. These are well developed in Wales and Northern Ireland. There is more patchy provision in schools in England and Scotland.

College or University Student Support Service: Based at the college or university attended. It can sometimes be a quicker route to support than through the GP.

Counselling or psychological support connected to a particular issue or group of people: Your local Council usually lists local agencies that provide counselling on their website, alternatively ask at the library. Common types of services found are Youth Counselling, Drug and Alcohol Counselling and Bereavement Counselling. Some Local MIND Associations might provide counselling for general emotional/mental health issues. These services may be free and others

might ask for a donation towards counselling, but this is usually on a sliding scale dependent upon income. The counselling could be time limited and there may be a waiting list.

Youth Access: is the national membership organisation for young people's information, advice, counselling and support services (YIACS). They have a search facility on their website to look for local services for children 12- 25 years. http://www.youthaccess.org.uk/

Get Connected: offers free confidential help for under 25 year olds.

http://www.getconnected.org.uk/

Helpline: 0808 808 4994 (1-11pm every day)

Young Minds: is a charity focusing on the emotional and mental wellbeing of young people. They have information for young people and parents. http://www.youngminds.org.uk/

Kooth: this is an online counselling service that some Health and Local Authorities use to provide support to young people in some parts of the country. Check the website for areas covered. https://www.kooth.com/about

Via your GP for under 18's:

The Children and Young People's Improving Access to Psychological Therapies Service (CYP IAPT) in England has started to be rolled out to provide help, especially with anxiety and depression. Different arrangements are in place for Scotland. Wales and Northern Ireland have a more fully developed counselling service based in schools. Counselling may be time limited and there could be a waiting list. Ask your GP about the options available where you live.

Your GP can also refer to Child and Adolescent Mental Health Services (CAMHS). There is often a waiting list for assessment plus there might also be service access criteria based on severity of difficulties experienced.

(Check out the Young Minds website to learn more about the roles of different mental health professionals:

http://www.youngminds.org.uk/for_children_young_people/guide_to_mental_health_services)

Via your GP for 18's and over:

Your GP should be able to refer you to the local Improving Access to Psychological Therapies (IAPT) Service. These have been developed for adults in England and are particularly for people experiencing depression and anxiety. They might offer online support, Cognitive Behavioural Therapy (CBT) and Counselling for Depression. Support may be time limited with a waiting list. Search for your local IAPT Service online: http://www.nhs.uk/Service-Search/Counselling-NHS-(IAPT)-services/LocationSearch/396

Other arrangements are in place for Scotland (Matrix Service); Wales are in the process of developing their adult service. Ask your GP wherever you live to find out what the options are for support.

For more persistent or severe mental health issues your GP can also refer you for assessment by your local Adult Mental Health Service.

Via the hospital attended for your heart condition: Your specialist nurse should be able to advise what the possibilities are. The service available varies widely between units for both those under and over 18 years of age. Any support offered is often from the psychology department. A few units also offer counselling.

Private counselling and therapy: If you are able to pay there are many counsellors and psychotherapists that work privately. Costs are usually from £40 upwards an hour. It is important to check out that the counsellor/therapist is properly qualified. Underneath is a list of the umbrella organisations that you can contact to find a counsellor/therapist in your area.

British Association for Counselling and Psychotherapy (BACP)

0870 443 5252 www.bacp.co.uk

Umbrella organisation for counselling in the UK + details of local practitioners

British Association for Behavioural and Cognitive Psychotherapies

0161 797 4484 www.babcp.com

Can provide details of accredited cognitive behaviour therapists

United Kingdom Council for Psychotherapy (UKCP)

020 7014 9955 www.psychotherapy.org.uk

Umbrella organisation for psychotherapy in the UK + list of practitioners

Counselling and Psychotherapy in Scotland

http://www.cosca.org.uk/

Further Information:

MIND has further information on Counselling and Talking Therapies. These can be accessed online or can be purchased as booklets through MIND Publications (0844 448 4448). *Understanding Talking Treatments*

http://www.mind.org.uk/information-support/drugs-and-treatments/talking-treatments/#.VLj2ZixR6iA

Making Sense of Cognitive Behavioural Therapy

http://www.mind.org.uk/information-support/drugs-and-treatments/cognitive-behaviour-therapy-cbt/#.VLi2LSxR6iA

The Somerville Foundation: supports young people and adults born with a heart condition. Please feel free to contact their Mental Health Support Worker, Anne Crump, to talk through the different types of emotional support available or for help with finding out about your local services. anne@thesf.org.uk / 020 8240 1165 http://www.thesf.org.uk/